## **Talking about the future** (Review)

When we **know about the future**, we normally use the **Present Tense**.

1. We use the **Present Simple Tense** for something **scheduled**:

We have a lesson next Monday.
The train arrives at 6.30 in the morning.
The holidays start next week.

2. We can use the **Present Continuous Tense** for **plans or arrangements**:

I'm playing football tomorrow.

They are coming to see us tomorrow.

We're having a party at Christmas.

It's my birthday tomorrow.

- 3. We use **Future Simple Tense** (*will* +  $V_1$ ):
  - when we express beliefs about the future:

It will be a nice day tomorrow.

I think Brazil will win the World Cup.

I'm sure you will enjoy the film.

• to mean want to or be willing to:

I hope you **will come** to my party. George says he **will help** us.

• to make offers and promises :

I'll see you tomorrow. We'll send you an email.

• to talk about offers and promises:

Tim will be at the meeting.

Mary will help with the cooking.

- 4. We use **be going to**:
  - to talk about **plans or intentions**:

I'm going to drive to work today.

They are going to move to Manchester.

• to make <b>predictions</b> based on <b>evidence</b> we can see:		
Be careful! You are going to fall. (= I can see that you might fall.)  Look at those black clouds. I think it's going to rain. (= I can see that it will rain.)		
We use <b>Future Continuous</b> ( <i>will be</i> with an <i>-ing</i> form) for something happening before and after a specific time in the future:		
I'll be working at eight o'clock. Can you come later? They'll be waiting for you when you arrive.		
6. We can use <i>will be</i> with an <i>-ing</i> form instead of the present continuous or <i>be going to</i> when we are talking about plans, arrangements and intentions:		
They'll be coming to see us next week.  I'll be driving to work tomorrow.		
7. We often use <b>verbs like</b> <i>would like</i> , <i>plan</i> , <i>want</i> , <i>mean</i> , <i>hope</i> , <i>expect</i> to talk about the future:		
What are you going to do next year? I'd like to go to university.  We plan to go to France for our holidays.  George wants to buy a new car.		
8. We use <b>modals</b> <i>may</i> , <i>might</i> when we are <b>not sure</b> about the future:		
I may stay at home tonight or I might go to the cinema, but I am not sure.		
Practice		
Complete the sentences with the correct form of will or going to and the verbs in brackets.  1. "What are your plans for this evening?" I (meet) my friends and then go to a		
birthday party.  2. The weather forecast is good for the next few days. It(be) very sunny.  3. I can't come on the march tomorrow. I (look after) my cousins.  4. In the future, I think humans (wipe out) many different species.  5. He is buying some butter and eggs because he (make) a cake later.  6. This homework is very easy. I know we (do) it very quickly.		
7. In five years time, I (be) at university. 8. Their suitcases are packed. They (go) on holiday. 9. Look at that boy at the top of that tree! He (fall). 10. I'm sure they (lose) the match.		

∴ Choose the correct option in each sentence. In some cases, more than one answer is correct!

- a. We are going to have / will have / are have a party for mom's 80<sup>th</sup> birthday. I am sure everyone is going to enjoy it / will enjoy it / are enjoying it.
- b. No one will believe / is believing / are believe that we won the competition.
- c. I am going to cook / will cook / am cooking paella for dinner. Would you like to come?
- d. Mi horoscope says that I am going to get married / will get married / marry very soon!
- e. The phone is ringing. I am going to answer / will answer / answer it!
- f. Our friends are flying / are going to fly / are fly to London.
- g. I predict that you are going to be / will be / may be very happy and healthy.
- h. What are you doing / will you do / do you do if he calls in the middle of the night?
- i. Nothing is going to be / will be / is being the same after the terrorist attack.

	<b>C</b> Complete the sentences with the Future Continuous form
	Dad (wait) for you at the station when you arrive next week.
2.	What (you, do) tomorrow at 3 p.m.?
	George (take) his dog for a walk when his mother comes back from work.
4.	At 8 o'clock on Sunday my parents (go) to the theatre with their
	friends.
5.	The baby (sleep) when you call Mrs. Stevenson.
	<b>D.</b> Complete the dialogue with the Present Simple or Continuous:
	Will: Hi Sharon, Where (you/go) with your suitcase?
	Sharon: I (travel) to New York on a business trip.
	Will: What time (your plane/leave)?
	Sharon: My plane (leave) at 17'45 and (arrive) in
	New York at 19'00.
	Will: And, What(you/do) in New York?
	Sharon: I have a busy week there. I (interview) some job
	applicants, I (take part) in the selection process, and I
	(visit) the company branch in the city.
	Will: When (you/come back)?
	<b>Sharon</b> : Next Friday morning. Are you free on Friday evening? We could meet.
	Will: Why not? There's a film I'd like to see at the cinema.
	Sharon: What time (the film/start)?
	Will: It (start) at 19'30. I'll pick you up.
	Sharon: O.K, sounds great. See you on Friday!
	${\mathcal E}$ . Complete the sentences with the correct form of the future with will, going to or
	may/might.
	1. Tom has just bought a painting. He (hang) it on his bedroom wall.
	2. "What do you want to drink?"
	"Ier I (have) a cup of tea."  Teacher, Liliana Gheorghe

<b>3.</b> Terry is doing his examinations tomorrow. He hasn't done any work for them and he		
is not very intelligent. He (fail).		
4. Peter has already decided. He (visit) the Forbidden City in Beijing. The		
problem is that he (not/ have) time to visit the museums.		
5. "Can you clean the windows?"		
"Sure, I (clean) them this afternoon.		
6. Horoscope: Aries – You (not/ feel) very happy this week.		
7. Peter intends to go to the gym next week. He (practise) swimming. He		
hasn't decided yet.		
8. Thank you for lending me the money. I (pay) you back on Friday.		